











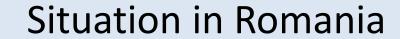
- Introduction
- Study area
- Concerns
  - Data basis
  - Rationale
  - Quality
- Proposals
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- Conclusions

### Aims of the talk

- Agri-environment (AE) for semi-natural grasslands
- Study area
- Discussion of characteristics of AE programme
- 2 Proposals



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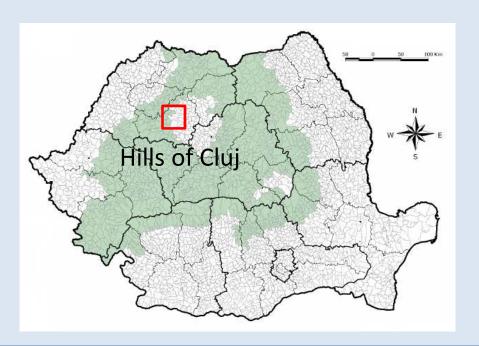


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## AE subsidies for semi-natural grasslands

#### **Agri-environment (AE) – reward for ecologically friendly farming**

- RO: simple programme, positive outcomes
- semi-nat. grasslands (HNV type 1) targeted on geographical basis
- macro-level data (land cover); criterion: 50%
- → AE not available for all communes in RO



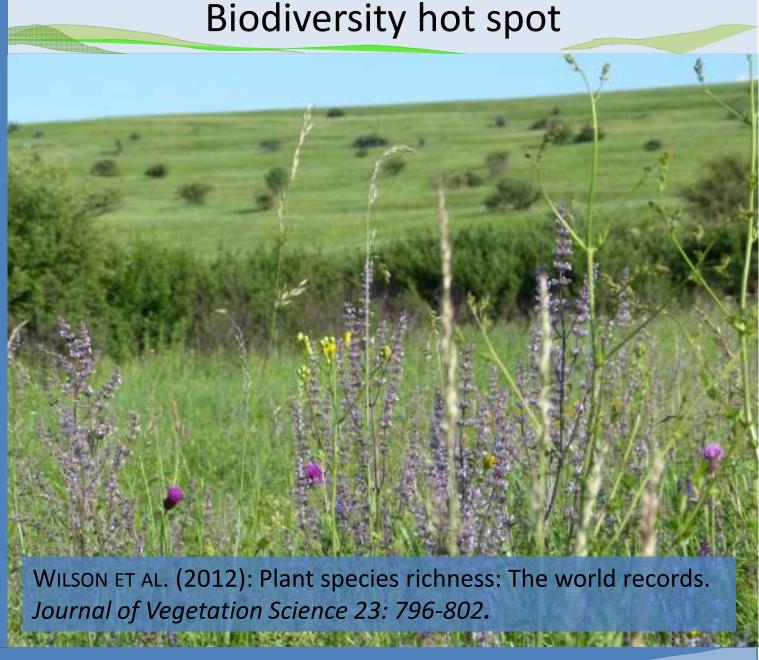


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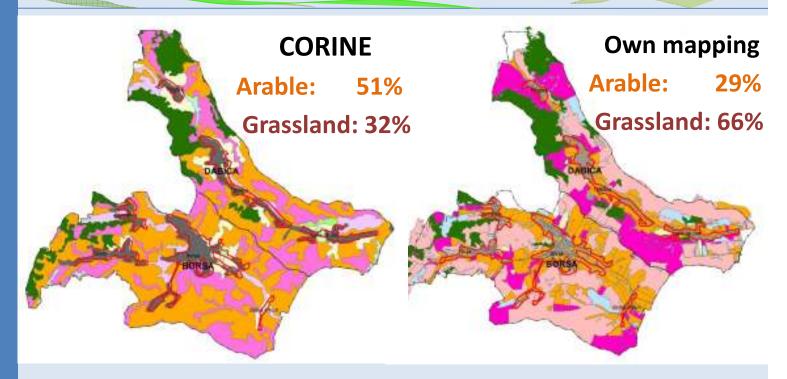
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### Data basis for area selection



### **Corine Land Cover (CLC)**

- Interpretation of satellite images
- •No distinction extensive/intensive grassland (Paracchini et al. 2008)
- →not sufficiently accurate to be main basis for targeting AE
- Should be complemented / substituted by other sources



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### Rationale of selection

- Eligibility for support payments would depend on simple criteria applied at the level of the farm holding, such as livestock density. It was not intended that support payments for low-intensity farming should be provided in delineated "HNV areas". (Guy Beaufoy, paper about HNV farming)
- Ecological reasons to protect grasslands in whole country
- "[...]it would have been **too costly** in relation to the payments to be made, to determine eligibility at a smaller scale, **although that would have been more precise**" (European Court of Auditors 2011, Special Report No 7)



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## Quality criteria

Only called semi-natural, but valid for all permanent grasslands

→ because of LPIS land use classes

### Same payments for:

- Extensive / intensive
- Old / new



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## Proposal 1: Top-down approach

### **N**ATIONAL MAP OF SEMI-NATURAL VEGETATION

Data basis: field data + modelling

Rationale: exact targeting

Quality: can be considered (+different grassland

types)

- → requires many resources
- → should be started as soon as possible

Additional advantages



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### Proposal 2: Bottom-up approach

#### **SEPARATE LPIS CATEGORY OF SEMI-NATURAL GRASSLANDS**

Data basis: Declaration of farmer

Rationale: exact targeting

Quality: can be considered (intensively / extensively)

→ package for semi-natural grasslands eligible in whole country

#### **Advantages**

- Better targeting
- Less administrative costs for targeting
- in short time and with comparatively small effort

#### **Precondition**

Definition has to be very simple to use by the farmers



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### Conclusions

- RO implemented in a short time a simple scheme
- some weaknesses:
  - data basis
  - rationale itself
  - → valuable semi-natural grasslands **outside**Mozaic study area as example
  - inside no quality criteria
- Trend: additional sub-packages to increase eligible area
- •Introducing LPIS land use category semi-natural meadows and pastures would solve several problems in an easy way
- would be starting point for a better targeting of EU money towards HNV semi-natural grasslands



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### Thanks to:

- Mozaic team
- EFNCP and DBU for funding
- You for your attention!









